

金融·科技

Ping An Bank 2019 1Q Report

April 2019



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Performance Highlights

- Overall Performance
- Tech-driven Innovation
- Retail Breakthroughs
- Selective Corporate

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• Main Concerns

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Overall Performance

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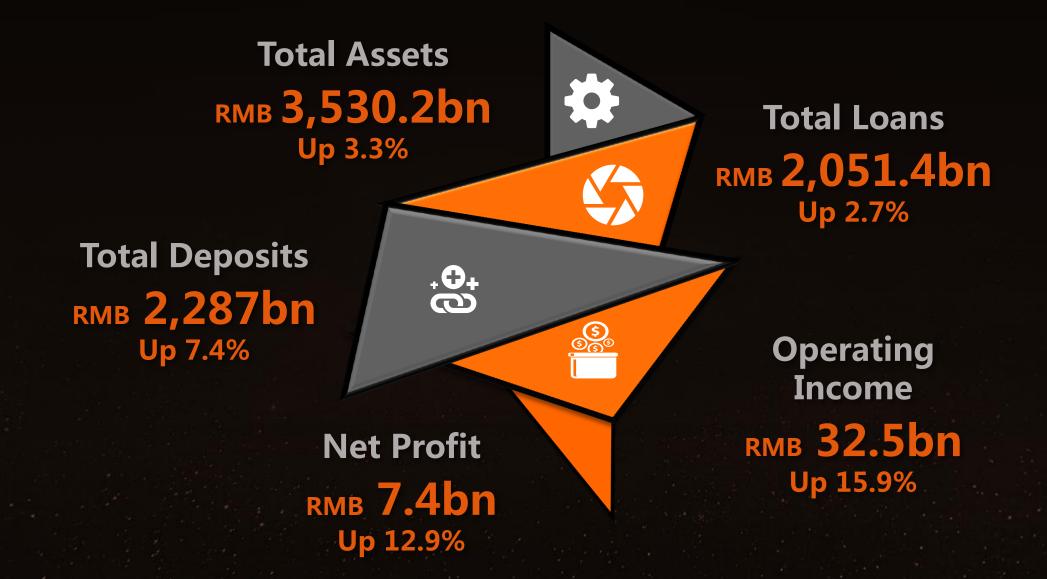
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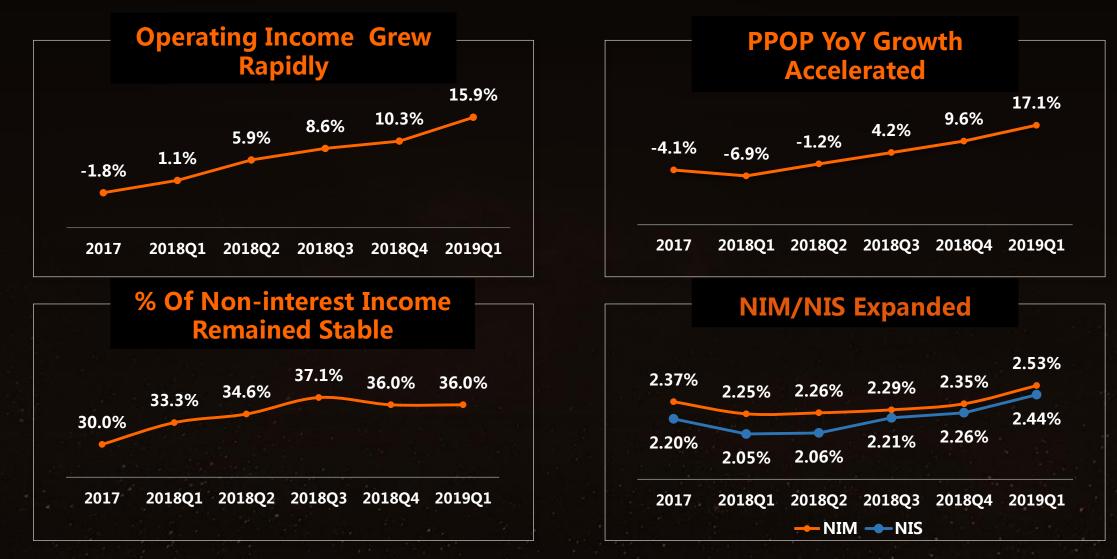
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1.1 Overall Performance Remained Sound And Stable



Note: Total deposits excludes deposits from non-banking institutions; total loans excludes loans from non-banking institutions.

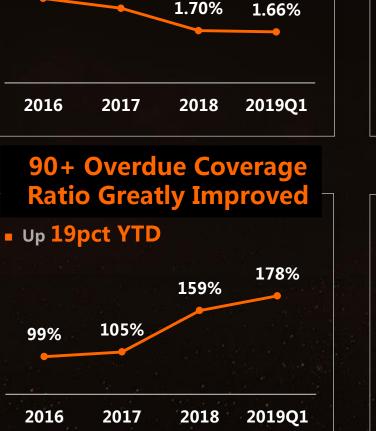
1.2 Profitability Gained Steady Improvements

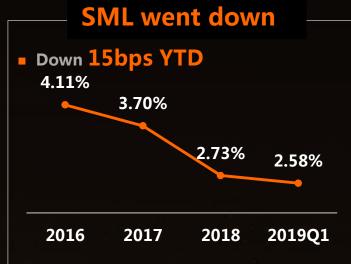


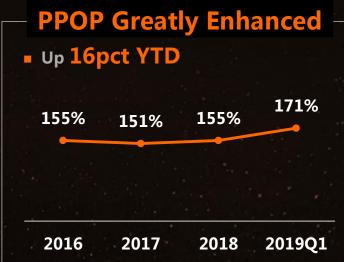
Note: Data in the four graphs are all cumulative amounts by the current year.

1.3 Asset Quality Improved And Risk Control Capacity Enhanced









1.4 Comprehensive Support For Real Economy

PAB will fully leverage on technology to support real economy and anti poverty.



Subdivided Policies on Regions and Industries

We closely follow national policies by supporting the "Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area" endeavor, "the Belt and Road" initiative, "Economic Integration of Yangtze River Delta" plan and other projects. With a focus on strategic industries, we are doing real efforts to fuel local economies. By the end of May 2019, clients in key industries took up 48%.

Greater Financial Support for Private Entities

a) Technology:

With AI, biometrics, big data, block chain, cloud computing and other advanced technologies, we built Supply Chain Receivables Service Platform, SME Digital Finance project and Xinyidai UPL product, so as to make financing less difficult and expensive for private entities and SMEs

b) Mechanism:

We adpoted differentiated and targeted measures, including differentiated pricing policy and risk tolerance strategy to support SME growth

c) Execution and Policy:

- Newly extended loans to privete sector as a percentage to the total corporate loans accounted for more than 70%;
- SME that receives 10million credit or less grew 3.5% YTD, higher than the bank's average loan growth rate;
- Accounts with loan balance increased 8,639 YTD. Interest rate for such SME loans went down 0.66pct YTD and NPL was well under control

Continuous Efforts in Targeted Poverty Reduction

We established a closed loop of "Finance+Tech+Produce-and-Sell" based on the "Finance+Industry" relief scheme. In Q12019, **4.385bn** was appropriated to the program, covering and benefiting over **430k** registered poor people, among which, **2,800** received direct financial help.

Tech-driven Innovation

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2.1 Technology Empowerment Strategy Produced Results

Tech Empowerment: facilitating business and upgrading management



Empowering Management

To build smart platforms

- Intelligent Platform for Operation Analysis
- Intelligent Platform for Credit Risk Control
- Intelligent Platform for Special Assets Management
- Integrated and Automatic Information Registry and Processing for Discounted Bills
- 141mn be prevented from Fraud with AI + Risk Control Technology



Empowering Products

To upgrade business

- Pocket APP: transaction volume grew by 25% YoY
- **SME Digital Finance:** enabled by quantitative model and data analysis, **4.2bn** has been issued in 1Q
- **Supply Chain Receivables Service Platform(SAS):** with AI, blocked chain, cloud computing, big data and other core technologies, transaction volume in the platform reached **7.8bn** in 1Q
- **Cross-border E Service:** financial services fully digitalized, accumulated online transaction was around **150bn**
- Government Finance: we kept making innnovations in areas of finance, housing and jurisdiction with the help of block chain, AI and other smart technologies.
 21 Platforms for government finance have been launched online

- **Empowering Services** To better experience
- AI Marketing: conversion effect improved by 3 times compared with traditional methods
- Xinyidai UPL Online Verification: applications were simplified and approval time shortend
- 360° Profile for Corporate Clients: capacity in targeted marketing was continuously enhanced
- 82% AI customer service
- 177 new intelligent outlets opened to business

Retail Breakthroughs

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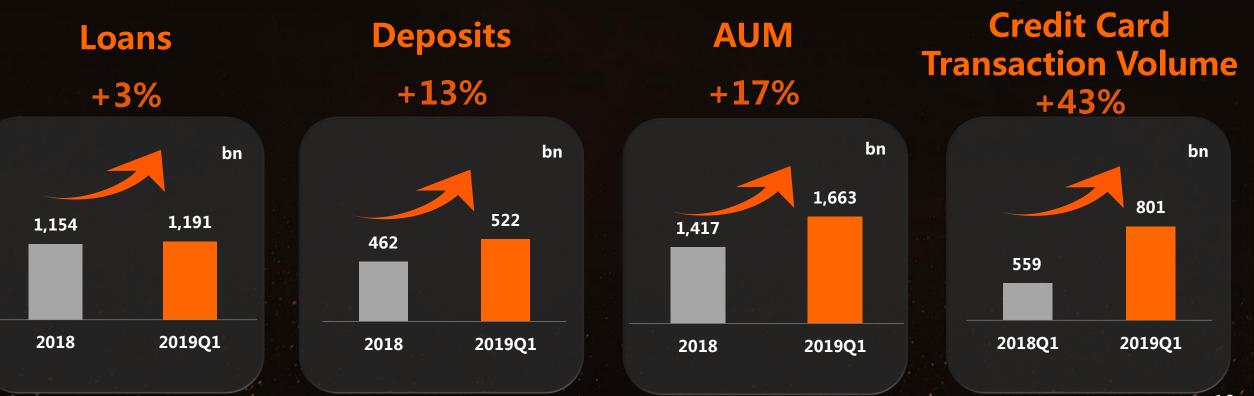
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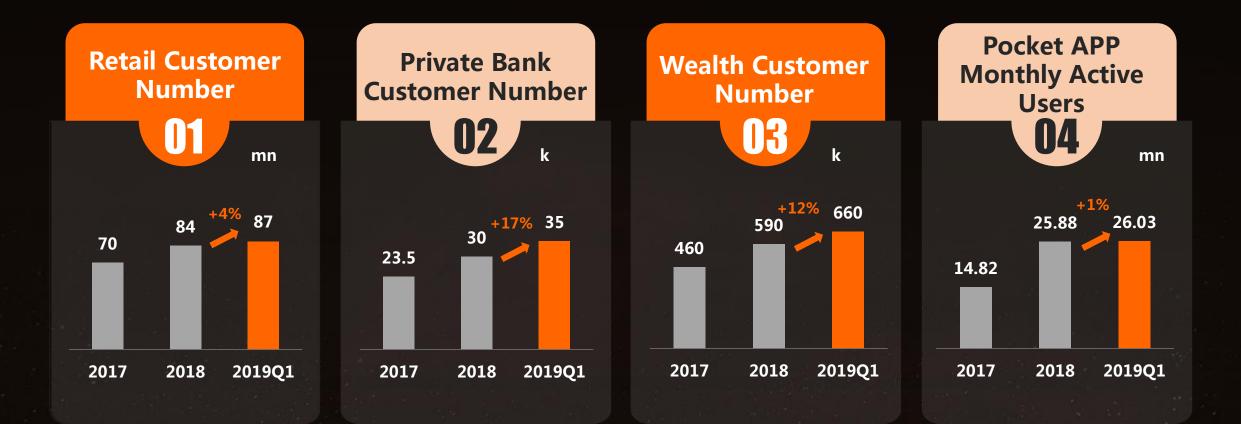
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3.1 Retail Business Grew Steadily

- Given persisting downward pressure since end-2018, we proactively optimized loan extending strategy with a pre-requisite that asset quality is ensured. We increased the bar for credit card application and loan extension and slected customers with higher quality; multiple measure have been taken internally and are starting to produce initial effects; it is estimated that personal loans and credit card businesses will both present positive growth starting from 2H 2019.
- We kept providing quality products and benefits based on market demand, and offering stellar customer experience with the help of internet. As a result, credit card transaction volume, retail deposits and AUM all greatly improved.



3.2 Retail Customer Continued To Increase



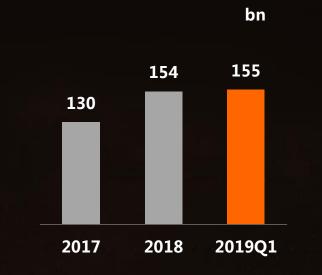
Note: Private bank customer are clients with a minimum net-wealth of 6 million and wealth customer of 500K.

3.3 Core Businesses Maintained Sound



- Accumulated new issuance stood at 3.32mn, and card in circulation 53.52mn
- Total transaction volume reached **801bn**, up **43% YoY**
- Transaction volume of credit card e-mall increased **25% YoY**

Xinyidai UPL Loan Balance



1Q 2019 new issuance **27.7bn** SAT+T online application: use technology to empower loan extending process throughout the prior-, during- and postloan stages

Auto Loan Balance bn 172 167 141

1Q 2019 new issuance **32.7bn** Market shares still lead the industry

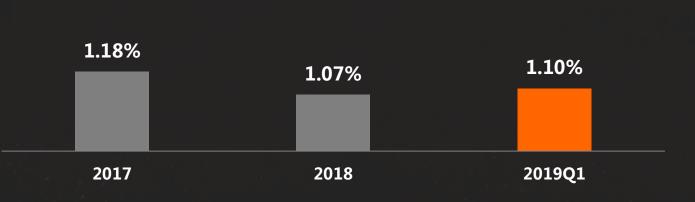
2019Q1

2018

2017

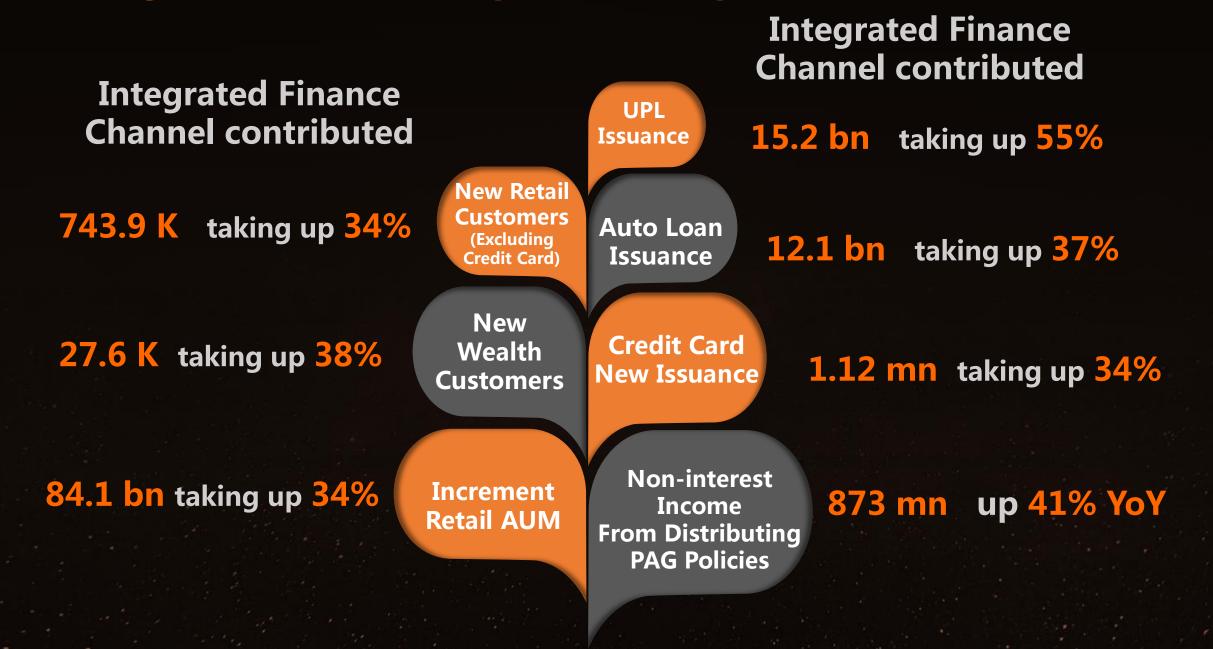
3.4 Retail Asset Quality Remained Sound

Affected by the economic downturn, increasing risks of multi-debt borrowers and sliding car consumption and other external factors, the entire financial industry saw an upward trend in the risk spectrum. As of the end-1Q 2019, the bank saw a slight NPL increase in retail business, but risk indicators stayed low overally.
PAB adjusted its risk policy as early as the end-2017 with a focus to prevent risks incurred by multi-debt borrowers. The proportion of high-risk customers is thereby reduced and asset quality of newly issued loans is relatively better. It is estimated that these tighthend measures will gradually make a difference in 2H 2019 and NPL rate for major retail products will go down steadily.



Retail NPL Rate Remained Sound

3.5 Integrated Finance Helped Drive Up Business



3.6 Private Bank WM Gained Stronger Momentum

Product: fundamental change

- actively promoted the establishment of Wealth Management Subsidiary;
- greatly enhanced product capacity after the merge of the Ping An Trust team;
- fully mobilized PAG and the bank's resources to found good investment assets for the PB arm.

System: revamped

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- Implemented Product Committee mechanism to diversify asset sources;
- Enhanced capacity in internal risk team and strictly controlled asset risks;
- Revamped organizational structure and introduced professionals via multiple channels.

Mechanism: 3 models PK

- Integrated finance
- Branch/sub-branch
- Direct selling

Retail AUM grew 17%

customer grew 17%

Private bank

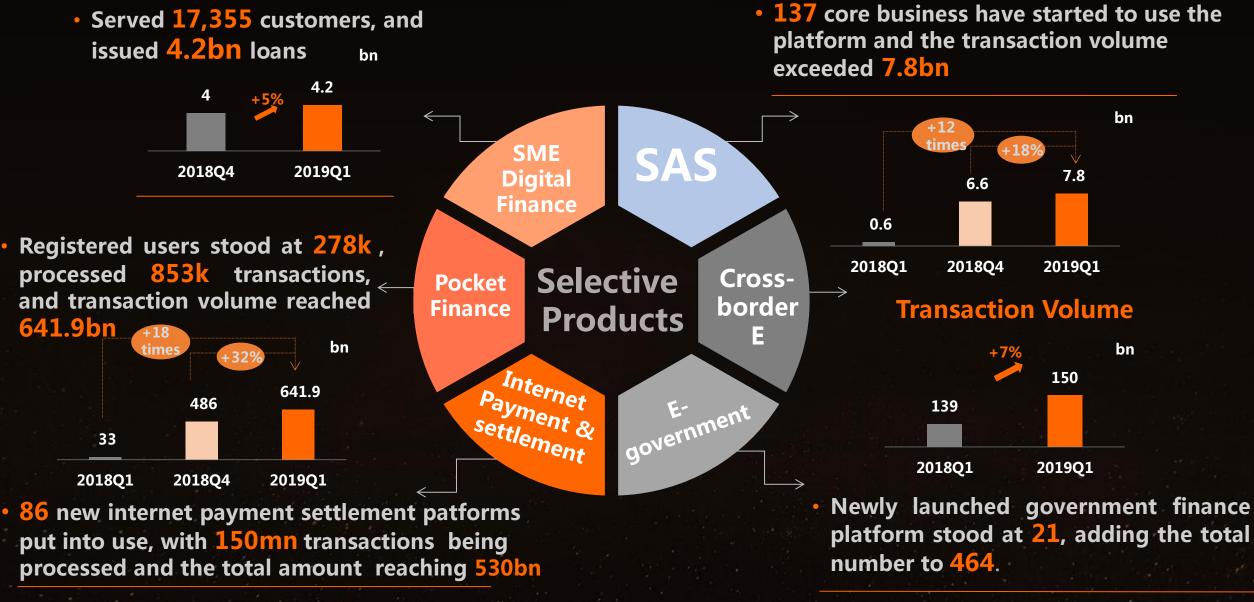
Selective Corporate

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4.1 Selective Corporate Businesses Produced Results



Note: SME digital finance had not yet started in Q1 2018.

4.2 Investment Bank And Interbank Businesses

- We stayed committed to institutional sales transition and continued to improve our light-oriented funding capacity and transaction capacity. Enabled with advanced technology, we aim to build an ecosystem for financial services and a connector for financial institutions.
 - "Etbank" customers reached 2,115, 36 more than end-2018
- Customer derivative business volume posted at **3.7bn** dollars, up **58% YoY**
- Interest rate swap market-making business stood at **573bn**, up **57% YoY**



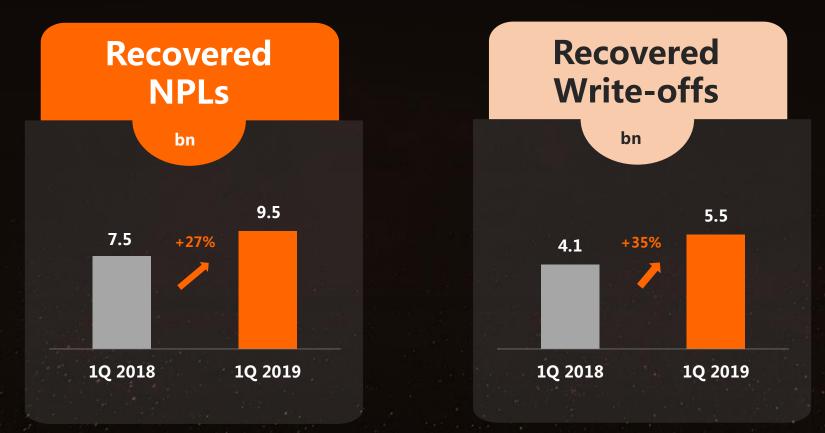
Interbank sales volume hit **130bn**, **3 times** comparing with same period of last year



WM direct financing products (CBIRC registered) distribution volume amounted to **19.7bn**, ranking among the best in the market

4.3 Debt Recovery Made Great Headway

- We have built a big-data-empowered platform for special assets, with a focus on enhancing three capacities: intelligent recovery, smart management and eco-operation
- Recovery made solid success as intelligent models started to play a greater role during the process



Main Concerns

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5.1 Main Concerns From The Market

eposit Mix	 Issue: CASA proportion is still relatively low Deposit costs keep mounting 	 Retail-side: will focus on payroll and merchant acquiring businesses and work to attract deposits from settlement business and cash management services Corporate-side: will take in fiscal, housing and social security deposits by providing government financing services; and to attract customer's deposite via transaction banking and project fund via comprehensive investment banking business
\$ Retail Growth	Issue: Retail Ioan growth slows down. How to cope with it in the future?	 Responses: Proactive adjustments: considering external economic changes, the bank started to adjust its risk policy last year, which is much earlier than peers, and slowed down retail loan growth Response: asset quality of newly issued loans are stable and sound; multiple measure have been taken internally and are starting to produce initial effects; it is estimated that personal loans and credit card businesses will both present positive growth starting from 2H 2019.
Asset Quality	 Issue: Risk indicators are still below peer average Risk control capacity should be further enhanced 	 Responses: For new issuance: will maintain asset quality with a strict access standard, an choose industries that are less susceptible to economic cyclical changes an that have a stable growth curve For existing loans: will scale up provisions and write-offs to digest legacy debt Risk indicators all turning better: as of 1Q 2019, NPL rate went down 0.02 pc loan-to-provision ratio improved 0.23 pct, and provision coverage ratio increased 15 pct

Outlook

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Key Work In 2019: Retail Business "3+2+1" Model

Fundamental Retail

To acquire customers via both on/off-line channels and provide them services that are big-data-driven and customer-oriented; to promote customer asset level and facilitate cross sales among different products.

PB & Wealth Management To fully leverage on the **two advantages**: the group and technology, and to apply the sophisticated **SAT** model to business operation and to build an **open product platform**.

Consumer Finance

To acquire and manage customers via **online and platform channels** and strengthen the synergies among various businesses.

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Risk Control Capacity

To improve customer selection ability and increase the higher-quality proportion; and to optimize asset structure and customer aquisition channel



Cost Control Capacity

To cut down management costs with integrated, automatic and intelligent methods ; and to save human and operational costs



AI-driven

To build a great retail AI strategic four-fold system; to identify **15** AI **front-end** key projects enhance **11 middle-end** capacities; and to produce results stage by stage.

Key Work In 2019: Selective Corporate Business

Construct an open and customer-centered platform

To use the bank's professional ability in wealth management, liquidity management and market prediction as a way to empower customers with a systematic, intelligent and center-controlled management platform

Establish a brand-new and integrated sales model

To fully integrate the customer, business, product and bank service teams; and to provide industrialized, customer-segment-focused and highly compatible financial service solutions

Use smart operation to enhance customer

To build a smart operation cloud platform, so as to improve business efficiency and customer experience

Serve as an engine for Group Integrated Finance

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Selective

Corporate

To fully leverage on the bank's and the group's integrated finance resources and platforms; To enhance the bank channel and design comprehensive solutions that are scenario-based, embedded, online and intelligent

Solution Build a market-leading FICC transaction team

To integrate transaction and market-making capacity; to build a leading system and talent team; to step up output of strategies and systems to peers; and to accelerate the development of customer business

Wealth management subsidiary

To establish a whole-process framework for product, channel, risk and back office; and to establish a wealth management sub-company

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Wage an annilhilation war aganist NPLs

To comb through the status quo of problematic assets and establish an archive system featured with "one accout one archive"; and to work on responsibility identification and NPL digestion and recovery

Key Work In 2019: Tech-driven Development







To Initiate and Implement Key Projects On The whole Bank Level

To focus particularly on building a new generation of financial market core, new credit card core, smart risk control core, Hong Kong branch Two, and intelligent special asset platform

To Build An AI Middle Office

To embed AI technology into various business scenarios; to empower front office scenarios with knowledge bank, business middle office and other systems and platforms; and to support the bank's transition into an AI bank. To Enhance Basic Platform To Empower Application Development and Business Growth

To drive the establishment of PaaS (platform as a service), Devops (development and operations) , cloud activeactive data center and other platforms, and promote pilot projects

Appendixes

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Key Metrics: Balance Sheet

RMB100m	Mar. 31th, 2019	Dec. 31th, 2018	Change	Changes YTD	
			Amount	%	
1. Total Assets	35,302	34,186	1,116	3.3%	
Total Loans	21,101	20,376	725	3.6%	
of which: Loans and Advances	20,514	19,975	539	2.7%	
of which: Corporate Loans	8,609	8,435	174	2.1%	
Retail Loans	11,905	11,540	365	3.2%	
2. Total Liabilities	32,792	31,786	1,006	3.2%	
Total Deposits	26,027	25,051	976	3.9%	
of which: Deposit Principal	22,870	21,286	1,584	7.4%	
of which: Corporate Deposits	17,654	16,670	984	5.9%	
Retail Deposits	5,216	4,616	600	13.0%	
3. Shareholder Equity	2,509	2,400	109	4.5%	

Key Metrics: Income And Expenses

RMB100m	10	1Q 2019 1Q 2018		Changes YTD		
	Account	%	Account	%	Growth%	Changes
1. Operating Income	324.76	100.00%	280.26	100.00%	15.9%	
Interest Income	207.74	63.97%	186.87	66.68%	11.2%	-2.7pc
Non-Interest Income	117.02	36.03%	93.39	33.32%	25.3%	+2.7pc
2. Operating Expenses	99.24		87.71		13.1%	
Business and Overhead	96.20	29.62%	85.10	30.36%	13.0%	-0.7pc
3. PPOP	225.52		192.55		17.1%	
4. Asset Impairment Loss (-)	128.85	n an	106.71		20.7%	
5. Net Profit	74.46		65.95		12.9%	
6. Basic EPS (RMB)	0.38		0.33		15.2%	
7. diluted EPS (RMB)	0.36		0.33		9.1%	

Note: PAB issued 26 bn convertible bonds on 25th Jan. 2019; the effect of CD's conversion to common stocks have been calculated into diluted EPS

Key Metrics: Quality And Efficiency

	1Q 2019 /end-March	1Q 2018 /end-March	Changes
1. Asset Quality			
NPL Ratio	1.73%	1.75%	-0.02pct
Provision to Loan Ratio	2.94%	2.71%	+0.23pct
NPL Provision Coverage Ratio	171%	155%	+16pct
Overdue 90+ Provision Coverage	178%	159%	+19pct
NPL Deviation Ratio	96%	97%	-1pct
2. Asset Yields			
Average Return on Total Assets (annualized)	0.86%	0.80%	+0.06pct
Weighted Average Return on Net Assets (annualized)	12.15%	11.87%	+0.28pct
3. NIS	2.44	2.05	+ 0.39 pct
4. NIM	2.53	2.25	+ 0.28 pct
5. Cost Income Ratio	29.62%	30.36%	- 0.74 pct

Note: PAB issued 20bn non-cumulative preference shares on a private placement basis in March 7th, 2016; when calculating EPS and Weighted Average Return on Net Assets, the numerators already exclude interests issued to preferred shares

Thank You

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